UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	ELECTRONICALLY FILE DOC #:
WILLIAM ENGEL,	DATE FILED.
Plaintiff,	16-cv-1118 (PKC)
-against-	MEMORANDUM AND ORDER
THIRD AVENUE MANAGEMENT LLC, et al.,	
Defendants.	
LIVIO BROCCOLINO,	
Plaintiff,	16-cv-2436 (PKC)
-against-	
THIRD AVENUE MANAGEMENT LLC, et al.,	
Defendants.	
X	

Plaintiff William Engel, a shareholder of the Third Avenue Focused Credit Fund (the "Fund"), brought this shareholder derivative action on behalf of the Third Avenue Trust (the "Trust"), of which the Fund is a unit. Subsequently, three shareholders of the Fund—Daniel Krasner, Avi Wagner, and Miranda Zuber—sought leave to intervene in the action ("Proposed Intervenors"). (Dkt. No. 27-29.) A second derivative action has been brought and is pending before this Court. Broccolino v. Third Avenue Management LLC, 16 cv 2436 (PKC). The plaintiff

CASTEL, U.S.D.J.

in <u>Broccolino</u> seeks to consolidate his action with the present action pursuant to Rule 42(a), Fed. R. Civ. P.¹

With respect to the motions to intervene, the Proposed Intervenors are shareholders of the Fund, a unit of the Trust at issue in the Engel derivative action. Because the Proposed Intervenors have the same "ultimate objective" as Engel, they "must rebut the presumption of adequate representation by the party already in the action." Butler, Fitzgerald & Potter v. Sequa Corp., 250 F.3d 171, 179 (2d Cir. 2001). Here, the Proposed Intervenors have failed to overcome the presumption of adequate representation. While the Proposed Intervenors allege that Engel is an inadequate representative because he failed to request the defendant's books and records prior to bringing his claim, such a request is by no means a prerequisite for relief in a derivative action. More importantly, the Proposed Intervenors have failed to demonstrate that their books and records request did in fact uncover any significant additional information and that, therefore, the plaintiff is not an adequate representative because he did not obtain this information. Although the Proposed Intervenors' complaint raises additional allegations, "[t]he mere fact that plaintiffs also assert additional and different claims from those asserted by the Proposed Intervenors does not render the former inadequate to represent the interests of the latter, particularly where, as here, the suit is brought derivatively on behalf of the corporation." In re Ambac Fin. Grp., Inc., Derivative Litig., 257 F.R.D. 390, 394 (S.D.N.Y. 2009). The Proposed Intervenors' motions to intervene as of right are denied. For the same reasons, the Proposed Intervenors' motions to permissibly intervene are also denied. In re Bank of New York Derivative Litig., 320 F.3d 291, 300 n. 5 (2d Cir. 2003) ("Substantially the same

¹ The other four related cases (16 cv 02760 (PKC), 16 cv 02761 (PKC), 16 cv 02759 (PKC), 16 cv 02758 (PKC)) assert claims under the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Class Action").

factors are considered in determining whether to grant an application for permissive intervention pursuant to Rule 24(b)(2).").

With respect to consolidation, plaintiff Broccolino seeks to consolidate his action with the Engel action. (Dkt. No. 53.) Rule 42(a) grants the district court discretion to consolidate actions that "involve a common question of law or fact." While the Broccolino and Engel actions involve common questions of law and fact, the Court concludes that consolidation is unnecessary. Derivative actions are brought on behalf of the entity, in this case, the Trust. Koster v. (Am.) Lumbermens Mut. Cas. Co., 330 U.S. 518, 522 (1947). Because plaintiff Engel "fairly and adequately represent[s] the interests of shareholders," Rule 23.1, Fed. R. Civ. P., any award that plaintiff Engel ultimately receives on behalf of the Trust will inure to the benefit of all shareholders. Therefore, consolidating the two actions is unnecessary to ensure a recovery on behalf of the Trust, and will not result in any additional benefit for the Trust or its shareholders. Of course, plaintiff Broccolino and the Proposed Intervenors have a right to notice and an opportunity to object to any settlement of the Engel action. Rule 23.1(c), Fed. R. Civ. P.; Blatt v. Dean Witter Reynolds InterCapital, Inc., 732 F.2d 304, 307 n.1 (2d Cir. 1984) (noting that any settlement of a derivative action must be submitted to the Court, which "then must schedule a hearing and notify all shareholders of their right to object to the terms of the proposed settlement").

Accordingly, the Proposed Intervenors motions to intervene (16 cv 1118, Dkt. No. 27-29) are denied. Plaintiff Broccolino's motion to consolidate is denied (16 cv 1118, Dkt. No. 53.), and the <u>Broccolino</u> Action (16 cv 2436) is stayed pending resolution of the <u>Engel</u> Action.

SO ORDERED.

P. Kevin Castel United States District Judge

Dated: New York, New York April 20, 2016